

For 1916—
1,040,840 Lines

GAIN over the paid advertising
figures of 1915. This was
360,750 lines more than
the combined gain of the other three
Washington papers.

THE WASHINGTON HERALD

Jan., 1917—
65,104 Lines

GAIN over the paid advertising
figures of January, 1916.
Making gain on top of
gains in advertising line.

NO. 3768.

WEATHER: RAIN OR SNOW.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1917.

ONE CENT In Washington and police suburban
districts. ELSEWHERE TWO CENTS

GERMANY SWEEPED BY HATE WAVE TOWARD WILSON

Suspect Him of Trying to
Disrupt Central
Alliance.

CONSIDER U. S. AS ENEMY

Resumption of Undersea Warfare At-
tributed to Recent Speech of
President.

(By the International News Service.)
Berlin (via Saville), Feb. 14.—A wave of intense bitterness is sweeping Germany from one end of the empire to the other—a bitterness concentrated against the person of President Wilson.

It is impossible to exaggerate this feeling. Three chief reasons are given:

President Wilson's action in breaking off diplomatic relations with Germany.

His suggestion to all the rest of the neutral nations to follow his example.

What is described as an effort on the part of the President to alienate Austria-Hungary from Germany, and thus disrupt the central alliance.

Suspect Wilson's Moves.

It is safe to say that the third reason is uppermost in the minds of the people here at present. All Germany is possessed with the firm conviction that the President is deliberately pursuing a well-defined plan to placate Austria, and by instilling her with prospects of keeping the friendship of the United States, prompt her to throw over her allies.

The German public—and evidently to Berlin's officialdom as well—is utterly unexplainable why the Austrian Ambassador, Count Tarnowski of Tarnow was not sent home, since Austria-Hungary has officially gone on record with all possible emphasis and positiveness, as adhering unqualifiedly to the German U-boat decree.

The fervent antagonism which is now evident on all sides and which may be safely described as the flaming up of national hatred has assumed its present intensity by clearly noticeable degrees. The break with Germany astonished Germany. The suggestion to neutrals to isolate the empire caused country-wide indignation. The alleged discrimination in favor of the Austrian Ambassador formed the climax to this mental process.

Reversed His Stand.

Responsible officials pointed out repeatedly and emphatically that, in their opinion, President Wilson, by his attitude toward Germany, completely reversed his stand on peace, as expressed in the recent Senate speech, and that he had hinted that that speech gave the final impetus to the long-staved-off unrestricted submarine war, it being argued that President Wilson's expressed ardent wish for early peace could have been found, no more practical response than this warfare which Germany is confident will end the war before many months have passed.

There is but one accurate way of describing the feeling here toward the United States—Germany considers America now one of the allies.

LABOR MEN OF WARRING NATIONS MAY CONVENE

Switzerland Invites Belligerents to Hold
Meeting on Neutral Ground.

(By the International News Service.)
Berlin (via Saville wireless), Feb. 14.—A meeting of labor representatives from France, Germany, Belgium and possibly Sweden has been arranged to be held in Switzerland while the war is still going on, according to the Overseas News Agency. England's labor council has been invited to send representatives. "The Swiss central committee of labor unions, during the Christmas convention of the French labor unions, suggested an international meeting of labor unions," said the announcement. "An agreement was reached as to the French, Spanish, Italian and Belgian and possibly the English delegates meeting during the war in Switzerland. Now the Swedish central committee has asked the labor union in Berlin to issue an invitation for this meeting. French, Belgian and German national committees have agreed but no acceptance has been received from the English committee."

WAR VICTIM TRIES SUICIDE.

New York, Feb. 14.—After walking the streets of Newark all night, brooding over the afflictions of her husband and her son, Mrs. May Hensler Lawrence took a tablet of bichloride of mercury yesterday in a restaurant at 410 Belleville avenue, that city. She is in the City Hospital there.

The women's husband, a German soldier, is paralyzed in a military hospital in France. Her son, who has just come out of an attack of encephalitis in Montreal, where the surgeons fear he must undergo a serious operation. Mrs. Lawrence is 24 years old and was married in Montreal when 12 years old. Her son is 11 years old.

AWAIT TEUTON-CHINA BREAK.

London, Feb. 14.—A diplomatic break between China and Germany can be momentarily expected, according to the Pekin correspondent of the Times. Cabling from the Chinese capital under date of February 9, the correspondent states that President Wilson's invitation to neutrals to break with the Kaiser's government caused intense excitement there.

Embassy Pet Parrot Screams His Defiance

(By the International News Service.)
Hoboken, N. J., Feb. 14.—One member of the party of Count von Bernstorff, dismissed German Ambassador today when the party boarded the Scandinavian-American liner which will carry them on their homeward journey. The late member of the party was a brilliantly plumed parrot belonging to Countess von Bernstorff.

Perched on a truck load of embassy baggage the bird screamed his defiance to everybody.

"Donnerwetter! Donnerwetter!" he screamed. "Donnerwetter! Donnerwetter!" the refrain was kept up continuously until the cage was taken on the vessel.

'LANE' FOR SHIPS

Allies Make "Hole" in U-Boat
Zone, Reports Say.

(By the International News Service.)
New York, Feb. 14.—More evidence was offered today that the British government has established a "safety lane" through the submarine zone when the Cunard liner Carpathia slipped into the lower bay unannounced. She left England January 26 and carried no passengers.

The Holland-American liner Ryndam also reached port here today. She was recalled en route to Rotterdam just as she was about to enter the danger zone.

The French liner Espagne, carrying sixty-seven Americans among her 220 passengers sailed for Bordeaux today. To reach her destination she must pass through the "barred zone."

The White Star liner Adriatic, rumored several times to have been sunk in the "barred zone," arrived safely at Liverpool Monday, according to word received here today.

The Adriatic, one of the largest of the White Star's liners, carried one American passenger—G. W. Urdler, of San Francisco.

The Adriatic left New York on February 3. She offered a rich prize as she carried a \$10,000 cargo.

Two other big liners, both flying allied flags and carrying munitions, are due to reach their destinations today. The Cunard liner Carmania, which left New York on February 4 with a cargo of munitions, has succeeded.

CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO.

SCANDINAVIA SENDS PROTEST ON U-BOATS

Norway, Sweden and Denmark Act on
Teuton "Sub" Edict.

(By the International News Service.)
London, Feb. 14.—The three Scandinavian countries—Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—have joined in a protest against Germany against the new submarine warfare edict, according to a Reuter dispatch from Copenhagen. Each government has handed an identical note to its German minister.

The notes declare that Germany's action in declaring a barred zone is clearly illegal, and that it is in direct violation of international law, inasmuch as it does not constitute a naval blockade. The difficulties which neutral shipping must undergo because of this decree are dwelt on at length.

A Little Rain or Snow, Says the Weather Man

Since the cold weather is becoming a bit monotonous, the weather man promises a little variety today in the form of rain or snow. It will only be a momentary change for tomorrow, when the sky is to be clear again and the cold spell will return once more.

There were many expressions of thanks because of the moderate weather yesterday, but it wasn't really warm. The thermometer hanging around the freezing point most of the time with the exception of noon.

The ice is still here and promises to stay indefinitely. Skating was again in order on the Tidal Basin and in the Zoo yesterday.

SHE PROTESTS SEX MENTION.

Salem, Oreg., Feb. 14.—Oregon's only woman legislator, Mrs. Alexander Thompson, is making a strong fight for recognition solely as a legislator and without consideration for her sex.

"I am not a woman legislator," she exclaimed, heatedly, after a legislator had made reference to her sex in debate. "I want it understood that I am able to take care of myself and resent reference to my sex."

DEER NEAR NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 14.—About 2,000 deer are at large in Putnam and Westchester counties, authorities say. Eleven were recently killed by trains and five by hunters violating the law.

Men under Deputy Game Warden J. A. Barry estimate 1,100 deer in Westchester and in Putnam County \$900. The animals are supposed to have migrated from the Connecticut hills and the Catskills.

WANTS BRUMBAUGH PROBE.

Harrisburg, Pa., Feb. 14.—The Sproul resolution, appropriating \$25,000 for an investigation of the business affairs of Gov. Brumbaugh and the departments under him, was passed by the House this afternoon by a vote of 119 to 80.

Indications are that Gov. Brumbaugh will veto the measure.

GERMANY'S ENVOY LEAVES AMERICA

Count and Countess von Bern-
storff Applauded and
Showered with Gifts.

(By the International News Service.)
New York, Feb. 14.—Although the diplomatic and friendly relations between Germany and the United States have been broken, hundreds of American citizens cheered Count von Bernstorff when the dismissed German Ambassador sailed for home today, and a score of members of his official suite waived American flags in response.

The Frederick VIII of the Scandinavian line, with the ambassadorial party on board, got away from Hoboken at 4:30 p. m. An hour and twenty minutes later Count von Bernstorff got his final view of America as the liner passed Sandy Hook and pointed her prow east into the Atlantic.

The departure of Count von Bernstorff was accomplished without a hitch. As it turned out, merely a detail of policemen to keep the crowd back would have been sufficient protection for the diplomat and his gracious American wife.

Departure an Ovation.

The departure of Count von Bernstorff contrasted strikingly with the departure of the Spanish Ambassador just before the outbreak of the Spanish-American war, when bricks were hurled through the car window of the diplomat and fears were entertained for his life.

The retiring German diplomat and the Countess were literally pelted with flowers. Their staterooms on the ship were lined with orchids. Piles of flowers lined the companionways. Baskets of fruit, three shelves of books, and scores of boxes of candy were delivered over the side. Over 600 telegrams, conveying regrets and good wishes, were received before the ship pulled away.

In consequence of which the last farewell of Count von Bernstorff and his wife was one of affectionate good will toward the American people. Dictating this message to Dudley Field Malone, the Countess said: "I am sure that the plank was drawn in. Count von Bernstorff said:

"The Countess and I cannot refrain from a last expression to the American people for the wealth of gifts sent to us throughout the day. At 5:30 o'clock in the morning, when the special train which had carried the party without special incident from Washington, arrived at the railroad terminal in Hoboken, there was a friendly crowd already on hand. Count von Bernstorff surprised the onlookers and shocked the men who were there to guard him, by stepping out upon the rear platform of his car and greeting with a smile and a bow the assembled crowds. His manner was entirely unreserved, and while his smile was genial, in repose his face wore a look of sadness mingled with worry and concern. He readily posed for the photographers and moving picture men, but interrupted the work to disappear into his car, from which he emerged a minute later with the Countess on his arm.

A ripple of applause greeted the Countess, and the snapping of shutters, and the grinding of movie machines was resumed. When all was over, there came the request for an interview. The look of concern swept into his face once more, and he shook his head in dissent. "No," he said, "all I had to say, I said yesterday. I can say no more. I am under orders."

With another bow, he and the Countess passed into the car. The war practically Count von Bernstorff's final public appearance in America. A few moments later he and the Countess entered a closed automobile and were whisked to the pier where they boarded the ship.

CHILE'S U-BOAT NOTE RECEIVED AT BERLIN

Same Document Handed to German
Minister at Santiago.

Berlin (via Saville), Feb. 14.—The Overseas News Agency gave out the following tonight:

The Chilean Minister, Dr. Crujeana, yesterday handed to the Foreign Office a note by which the Chilean government replies to the German communication regarding the new measures in the submarine warfare.

The Chilean note was the same text as the communication addressed a few days ago by the Chilean Foreign Minister to the German Minister at Santiago.

The Chilean government protests against the new measures and at the same time declares that it reserves for itself all the rights pertaining to the strict neutrality hitherto observed, and which it will maintain also in the future.

GRAND JURY RETURNS 160 FRAUD CHARGES

Election Law Violations Probe On in
Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 14.—The Federal grand jury this afternoon returned indictments against about 160 persons charged with violation of the election laws. The indictments follow a lengthy investigation conducted by Frank C. Daily, special assistant attorney general.

The names of those accused will not be made public until arrests are made, but it is reported that high Democratic city officials in Indianapolis, and both Democrats and Republicans in Evansville, Frankfort and Gary are hit.

101st Vessel Is Sunk In U-Boat Warfare

Details of the havoc caused
by unrestricted U-boat warfare
as reported up to date by
British sources are:

REPORTED WEDNESDAY

Roanoke, British, 3,755 tons.
Bayreuth, British, 3,099 tons.
Inishowen Head, British, 3,050 tons.

F. D. Lambert, British, 2,195 tons.

Lyman M. Law, American, 1,300 tons.

Two trawlers.
Endora, (unknown).

Total tonnage, 13,399 tons.
Previously reported, 93 ships;
290,650 tons.

Grand total, 101 ships; 244,019 tons.

101ST SHIP SUNK

First Day of "Real" U-War-
fare Nets but 13,399 Tons.

Germany's relentless U-boat blockade of England yesterday netted the Berlin admiralty its 101st vessel.

With but twenty-four hours remaining of the first half-month's submarine campaign in the barred zone, the official figures show that the tonnage of vessels sunk to date total 244,019 tons.

These figures are important in view of the fact that Berlin admitted at the outset of the campaign that it was virtually imperative that U-boats sink not less than 1,000,000 tons a month.

According to the Berlin statement, the U-boat campaign up to the present has not justified itself. In fourteen days, or about one-half a month, a little more than one-fifth the total required tonnage has been sent to the bottom.

Additionally, Berlin claimed that the "sub" warfare did not become actually "real" until yesterday, but despite that statement, only some 14,000 tons of shipping was destroyed, whereas the monthly minimum of 1,000,000 tons calls for 33,000 tons a day.

Four British steamships, two trawlers and another vessel of unknown nationality compose the U-boat toll reported during the last twenty-four hours.

One of them, the British steamship Bayreuth, of 3,099 tons, is listed by Lloyd's as missing. Another, the British vessel Inishowen Head, of 3,050 tons, from Glasgow for St. John, New Brunswick, was sunk February 12, with the loss of one life. Two unnamed trawlers are included in the list.

Two lives are believed to have been lost in the sinking of the British steamer F. D. Lambert, of 2,195 tons. The rest of the crew was landed.

The total tonnage of the eight vessels is 13,399 tons, including the missing Bayreuth. The Endora, whose tonnage is unknown, was also reported sunk.

U-BOAT WAR RAGING OFF ITALIAN COAST

Germany Plans to Force Rome Into
Separate Peace Pact.

(By the International News Service.)
Rome, Feb. 14.—The intensification of submarine warfare in the Tyrrhenian and Mediterranean seas is the source of the gravest concern in government circles. It is reported that the Italian government and other ports are only partially true, the Mediterranean is now the scene of the most bitter and relentless submarine campaign of the whole war.

Official figures are not available. The sinking of Italian steamers and of steamers directed to Italian ports is never announced and since the government began to insure Italian steamers directly, even Lloyd's fails to announce them.

Notwithstanding the prosecution taken by the Italian government, it has been pointed to confirm the Swiss report of a few months ago that Germany would do her utmost to starve Italy and paralyze her industrial life in the hope of inducing her to conclude a separate peace.

"Ship owners and brokers declare that of the daily average of allied and neutral vessels that have been sunk since December 7 or 8 have been sent to the bottom in the Mediterranean."

Telegraph Tips

New York, Feb. 14.—The United States torpedo-boat destroyer Sampson left Brooklyn Navy Yard today under sealed orders. She was commanded by Lieut. Commander B. C. Allen.

Berlin (via Saville wireless), Feb. 14.—A Catholic convention, attended by representatives of Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Spain and Poland, opened at Zurich on Monday, the Overseas News Agency announced today.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Registrations of Germans in this State in the event of war with Germany is the object sought in a bill introduced today by Assemblyman Schuyler M. Meyer.

London, Feb. 14.—Russia has called to the colors the class of 1888, youths under 30, according to a Petrograd dispatch to the Times.

Lexington, Ky., Feb. 14.—Robert L. Thomas, millionaire turfman, died here today at the age of 54, after a long illness. He had owned many winners on Eastern tracks.

Berlin (via Saville wireless), Feb. 14.—British aviators dropped bombs on a children's skating party near Brugge last Saturday, killing sixteen of them, according to the semi-official Overseas News Agency.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 14.—Two armed men this afternoon entered the West Lake Branch of the Home Savings Bank and held up the employees and escaped with several thousand dollars.

Paris, Feb. 14.—A resolution has been offered in the Chamber of Deputies providing a prize of 500,000 francs for the crew of any vessel that destroys an attacking submarine.

UNCLE SAM STEPS ON CUBAN REVOLT

Flock of Marines Will Be Sent
in Unless Islanders Behave
Themselves.

The constituted government of the republic of Cuba will receive the physical as well as the moral support of the United States government. The efforts of the insurgents to overthrow the present government following on the recent election disturbances, will not be countenanced by the administration. The military as well as the diplomatic endorsement of the course of the government of the island republic in combating rebellion is assured.

This, and more, was made exceedingly clear by the heads of the State, War and Navy departments yesterday.

The most material assistance to the Cuban government was 10,000 service rifles of the American army pattern with 2,000,000 rounds of service ammunition.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels, while withholding the exact figures, said that practically the entire Marine Corps of the United States with the exception of the small detachments on the Pacific Coast and with the Pacific fleet, were within thirty-eight hours of Cuba.

The United States government is disposed to make short work of Cuban delinquencies should further manifestation of the bellicose tendencies of the Cuban insurgents be manifested. This was made clear in a statement which American Minister William H. Gonzales yesterday delivered to the Cuban government, under orders from Washington.

FERNANDEZ, REVOLTER, MINES HAVANA HARBOR

Assumes Control of Province Through
Military Necessity.

Havana, Feb. 14.—Maj. Fernandez, of the Cuban army, who revolted at Santiago, sent a cablegram to United States Minister Gonzales that he had assumed control of the province through military necessity. Fernandez declared that he had mined the mouth of the harbor and he warned the Minister that United States ships must use his pilots.

The minister's chief stated that he had 1,000 revolting soldiers and 2,000 volunteers. A report reached Havana that Gen. Balderama Acosta, one of the leaders in the revolution against the government, has been killed in a battle between his forces and government troops.

Gen. Gomez, former President and declared to be one of the leaders in the revolution, is fleeing to Camaguey, Yaguajay, according to one report.

The cruiser Cuba, carrying 812 troops, sailed from Havana today for the seat of trouble. The troops are members of the Maceo Regiment, and carried batteries of rapid fire and mountain guns.

President Menocal reviewed the troops from the palace balcony. He called upon the troops to remember the glorious traditions of Cuba.

Federal troops today seized the private yacht of former President Gomez, but no trace of the rebel leader was found. The yacht Juanito was found on the south coast of Camaguey province.

Gomez is believed to be in Santa Clara province, directing the operations of his rebels, who are thought to number from 1,000 to 3,000.

Indications that Gomez is not alone in directing the revolution were forthcoming today.

POLICE SCOUR CITY FOR VANISHED GIRL

Seventeen-Year-Old Helen Zier Missing
Since Sunday.

Pretty 17-year-old Helen Zier, of 1236 D street northeast, was missing from her home since Sunday morning, when she left, supposedly for Sunday school. Report of the missing girl was first made at police headquarters last night by a relative who mentioned a sailor on the President's yacht Mayflower.

"I was not with her," said the sailor. "I saw her only for a moment Sunday night, at a skating rink. I first heard that she was missing from home today. I don't know where she is or anything about her."

It is reported that Helen, who is described as having light hair and blue eyes, and being five feet six inches tall, was seen by a friend in a downtown dance hall Tuesday night. The friend told relatives of the girl that she wanted to borrow some money.

GREAT FIRE SWEEPING ENTIRE MINING TOWN

Pottsville, Pa., Fire is sweeping
Girardville, a mining town 15 miles
from here and threatens to destroy
the entire town.

The damage so far is reported to be over \$200,000. Fire companies from Pottsville, Ashland and Shenandoah are being rushed to the scene.

BORDER DOUBTS TALE OF NEW VILLA RAID

Failure of Scouts to Return Starts At-
tack Stories.

Columbus, N. Mex., Feb. 14.—Reports to government agents this afternoon said that a raid by Villista bandits on the "Cordero Ranch" southwest of Hachita, N. Mex.

Government Agent Moorehead wired that Mexican families broke the international fence and moved away with their belongings. Lem Spillbury, Mormon scout, formerly with the Pershing forces, sent three men to report on the direction taken by the Mexicans. They have not returned and their absence has given rise to rumors that they were killed or carried off by Mexicans. John A. Cord, Albert Jensen, and Andrew Peterson are the missing men.

Cavalrymen scoured the Hachita region but reported everything quiet.

AUSTRIAN BREAK HOURLY EXPECTED ON "LAW" SINKING

American Ship Reported to Have
Been Sunk by Bomb From Sub-
marine Without Warning.

STATE DEPARTMENT IS SILENT

Officials Busy Compiling List of U-Boat Out-
rages Dating from Germany's Re-
sumed Undersea Warfare.

The destruction of the American schooner Lyman M. Law by an Austrian submarine in the Mediterranean Sea last night brought to a crisis the tense relations between the United States and Austria.

Following Austria's endorsement of the "ruthless" submarine warfare declaration of Germany the sinking of the Law was looked upon here last night as the probable cause of a break in the diplomatic relations between Washington and Vienna.

According to reports from Consul General Treadwell at Rome to the State Department the Law was "set on fire by a bomb" put aboard the American ship "by an Austrian submarine without flag."

WHITE HOUSE IS SILENT.

Both the White House and the State Department declined to discuss the Austrian situation last night, although it was admitted in official circles that the relations between the two countries were not at present capable of sustaining any great strain.

Consul General Treadwell was ordered to make a full and complete report on the incident at once particularly as to whether the Law was warned.

The fact that she was set on fire by a bomb rather than sunk by a torpedo led to a belief that she may have been warned. The report that her entire crew was saved was likewise accepted as palliative.

U-BOATS TO RAGE

Warfare Not to Be Modified,
Germany Declares.

(By the International News Service.)
Berlin (via wireless), Feb. 15. (Thursday).—Unrestricted U-boat warfare will go on. Under no circumstances will it be modified, attenuated, or limited for the sake of the United States or for any other reason.

In an official statement, ringing with defiance and making particular reference to "regard for America," Germany thus, substantially, announced to the world last night that there is no step backward from the "barred zone" decree.

The statement asserts that "unrestricted warfare against all navigation is now going on completely." The text of the official announcement is as follows:

"From foreign countries reports have been received, according to which, it is believed there, that the barring of the sea against England by submarines and mines had been attenuated out of regard for America or for any other reasons, or that it is going to be attenuated."

"Out of regard for the neutrals, it is therefore once more expressly decided that unrestricted warfare against all navigation in the holding of the ships at sea is now going on completely and shall under no circumstances be limited."

The concern over the fate of Americans abroad it was stated last night has had much to do with the delay in placing guns and guns on American ships. It was stated that the State Department has made complete arrangements for mounting guns on the American vessels, even to assigning individual guns to fit the construction of the various ships. Mounting the armament will be a matter of little delay when the orders for arming the vessels are given. The legality of arming ships has likewise been accepted by practically all of the President's advisers. It has been determined, however, that if an American vessel, armed for defense, should be fired in the holding of the ships at sea, that the Administration has definitely decided to place arms aboard American ships just as speedily as the situation of Americans abroad will justify such action.

The ships of the American line, of the type of the St. Louis, will probably be the first vessels to be armed. They were built for conversion into armed cruisers in war-time and guns for arming them are in reserve. The Navy Department believes they could be mounted in five days.

The State Department yesterday continued compiling complete reports of every submarine incident in any way involving Americans.

TO IGNORE NEUTRALS IN GREAT OFFENSIVE

Berlin Plans Great Spring Drive by
Land and Sea, Dispatches Say.

(By the International News Service.)
London, Feb. 14.—German public opinion is rapidly being crystallized toward a new and powerful offensive on land and sea, which will entirely disregard neutral rights or the restriction of international law according to dispatches reaching London today. The unrestricted submarine warfare can now be put into full swing, the period of grace for neutral vessels to get out of the war zone having expired.

Troop movements in Germany in preparation for the spring campaign have been in progress for several weeks. Everything in Germany is being subjugated to meet military emergencies. Train schedules have been restricted and in some instances abolished altogether.

The prompt disavowal by the Berlin government of the suggestion made to the United States by the Swiss Minister that a "parley" be held to avert actual hostilities is believed here to indicate that the war party is in full control.

WANTS BIBLE IN HIS CELL.

Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 14.—William A. Matz, who was arrested for not sending a child of his to school